



**Cambridge International Examinations**  
Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

**CHEMISTRY**

**0620/11**

Paper 1 Multiple Choice

**May/June 2014**

**45 Minutes**

Additional Materials:      Multiple Choice Answer Sheet  
   Soft clean eraser  
   Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

\* 8 0 7 9 0 0 9 1 7 7 \*

**READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write in soft pencil.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number on the Answer Sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.

**DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.**

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions. For each question there are four possible answers **A, B, C** and **D**.

Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in **soft pencil** on the separate Answer Sheet.

**Read the instructions on the Answer Sheet very carefully.**

Each correct answer will score one mark. A mark will not be deducted for a wrong answer.

Any rough working should be done in this booklet.

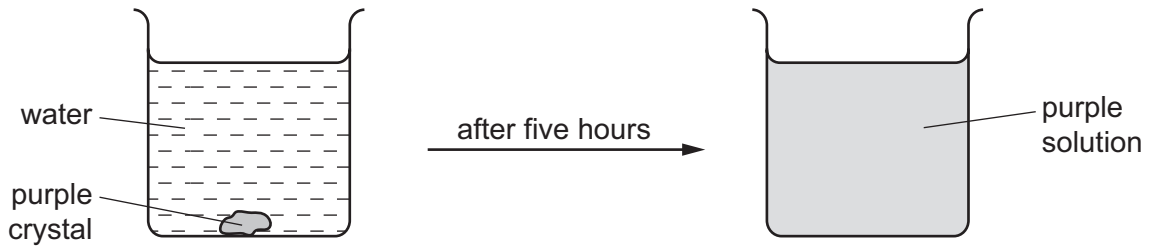
A copy of the Periodic Table is printed on page 16.

Electronic calculators may be used.

The syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

This document consists of **15** printed pages and **1** blank page.

- 1 The diagram shows the result of dropping a purple crystal into water.



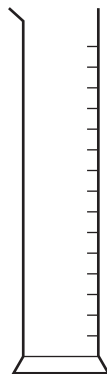
Which processes take place in this experiment?

	chemical reaction	diffusing	dissolving
<b>A</b>	✓	✓	✓
<b>B</b>	✓	x	✓
<b>C</b>	x	x	✓
<b>D</b>	x	✓	✓

- 2 The four pieces of apparatus shown below are used in chemical experiments.



burette



measuring cylinder



pipette



thermometer

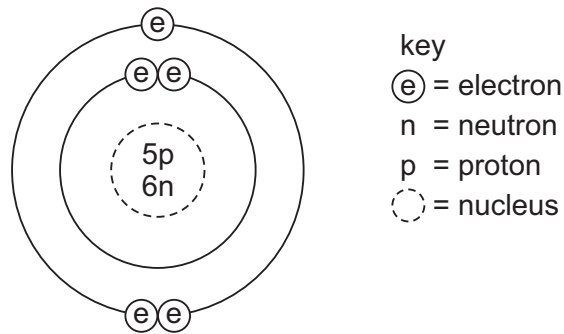
Which statement about the apparatus is correct?

- A** The burette measures the volume of liquid added in a titration.
- B** The measuring cylinder measures the mass of a substance used in an experiment.
- C** The pipette measures the volume of gas given off in a reaction.
- D** The thermometer measures the density of a solution.

- 3 Alcohol and water are completely miscible. This means when mixed together they form only one liquid layer.

Which method is used to separate alcohol from water?

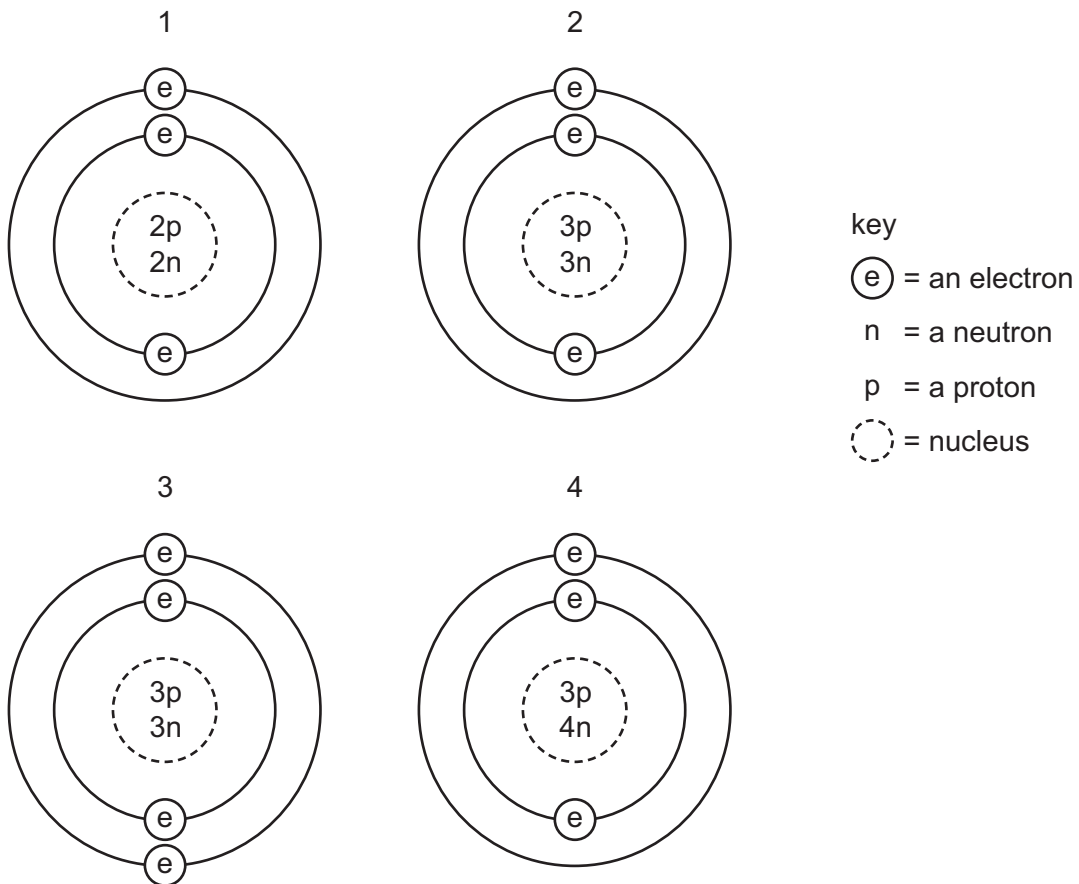
- A crystallisation
  - B filtration
  - C fractional distillation
  - D precipitation
- 4 The diagram shows the structure of an atom of element X.



What is X?

- A boron
- B carbon
- C sodium
- D sulfur

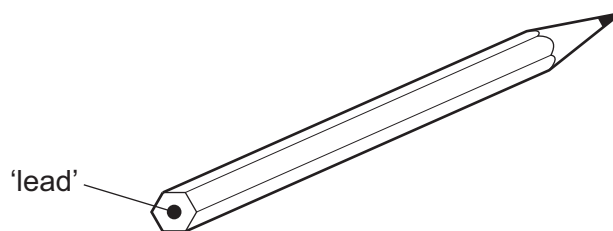
5 The diagrams show four particles.



Which two diagrams show **atoms** that are isotopes of each other?

- A** 1 and 2      **B** 1 and 3      **C** 2 and 3      **D** 2 and 4

6 The 'lead' in a pencil is made of a mixture of graphite and clay.



When the percentage of graphite is increased, the pencil slides across the paper more easily.

Which statement explains this observation?

- A** Graphite has a high melting point.
- B** Graphite is a form of carbon.
- C** Graphite is a lubricant.
- D** Graphite is a non-metal.

- 7 Element X is in Group I of the Periodic Table. X reacts with element Y to form an ionic compound.

Which equation shows the process that takes place when X forms ions?

- A  $X + e^- \rightarrow X^+$   
 B  $X - e^- \rightarrow X^-$   
 C  $X + e^- \rightarrow X^-$   
 D  $X - e^- \rightarrow X^+$

- 8 Solid F is an element.  
 Solid G is a compound.  
 Neither solid conducts electricity but G conducts electricity when dissolved in water.

These properties suggest that F is .....1..... and that G is .....2..... with .....3..... bonds.

Which words correctly complete gaps 1, 2 and 3?

	1	2	3
A	diamond	$AgCl$	covalent
B	diamond	$NaCl$	ionic
C	graphite	$AgCl$	ionic
D	graphite	$NaCl$	covalent

- 9 A compound contains one atom of calcium, two atoms of hydrogen and two atoms of oxygen.

What is the correct chemical formula of the compound?

- A  $CaO_2H_2$       B  $HOCaOH$       C  $H_2CaO_2$       D  $Ca(OH)_2$

- 10 In athletics, banned drugs such as nandrolone have been taken illegally to improve performance. Nandrolone has the molecular formula  $C_{18}H_{26}O_2$ .

What is the relative molecular mass,  $M_r$ , of nandrolone?

(Relative atomic mass: H = 1; C = 12; O = 16)

- A 46      B 150      C 274      D 306

- 11 Which substance will **not** conduct electricity?

- A aluminium  
 B copper  
 C plastic  
 D steel

- 12 Which products are formed at the anode and cathode when electricity is passed through molten lead(II) bromide?

	anode (+)	cathode (-)
<b>A</b>	bromide ions	lead ions
<b>B</b>	bromine molecules	lead atoms
<b>C</b>	lead atoms	bromine molecules
<b>D</b>	lead ions	bromide ions

- 13 Some reactions are endothermic.

How does the temperature and energy change in an endothermic reaction?

	temperature change	energy change
<b>A</b>	decreases	energy taken in
<b>B</b>	decreases	energy given out
<b>C</b>	increases	energy taken in
<b>D</b>	increases	energy given out

- 14 Two chemical processes are described below.

- In the combustion of methane, energy is .....1..... .
- In the electrolysis of molten lead(II) bromide, energy is .....2..... .

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
<b>A</b>	given out	given out
<b>B</b>	given out	taken in
<b>C</b>	taken in	given out
<b>D</b>	taken in	taken in

- 15 Which equation shows an oxidation reaction?

- A**  $C + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2$
- B**  $CaCO_3 \rightarrow CaO + CO_2$
- C**  $CaO + 2HCl \rightarrow CaCl_2 + H_2O$
- D**  $N_2O_4 \rightarrow 2NO_2$

- 16 In separate experiments, a catalyst is added to a reaction mixture and the temperature of the mixture is decreased.

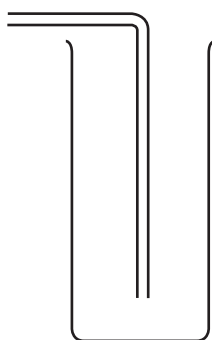
What are the effects of these changes on the rate of the reaction?

	catalyst added	temperature decreased
<b>A</b>	faster	faster
<b>B</b>	faster	slower
<b>C</b>	slower	faster
<b>D</b>	slower	slower

- 17 An experiment is carried out to investigate the rate of reaction when calcium carbonate is reacted with hydrochloric acid.

The volume of carbon dioxide gas given off is measured at different intervals of time.

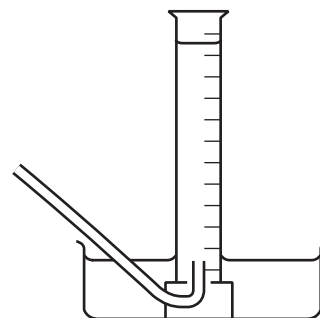
The diagram shows pieces of apparatus used to collect gases.



1  
downward delivery



2  
gas measuring  
syringe

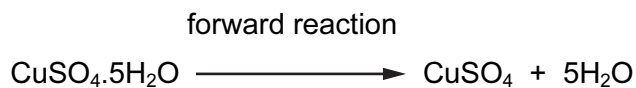


3  
over water in  
graduated tube

Which apparatus is suitable to collect and measure the volume of the carbon dioxide?

- A** 1, 2 and 3      **B** 2 and 3 only      **C** 1 only      **D** 3 only

- 18 The equation shows a reaction that is reversed by changing the conditions.



How can the forward reaction be reversed?

	by adding water	by heating
<b>A</b>	✓	✓
<b>B</b>	✓	x
<b>C</b>	x	✓
<b>D</b>	x	x

- 19 Which statements about alkalis are correct?

- 1 When reacted with an acid, the pH of the alkali increases.
- 2 When tested with litmus, the litmus turns blue.
- 3 When warmed with an ammonium salt, ammonia gas is given off.

- A** 1, 2 and 3    **B** 1 and 2 only    **C** 1 and 3 only    **D** 2 and 3 only

- 20 Only two elements are liquid at 20°C. One of these elements is shiny and conducts electricity.

This suggests that this element is a .....1..... and therefore its oxide is .....2..... .

Which words correctly complete gaps 1 and 2?

	1	2
<b>A</b>	metal	acidic
<b>B</b>	metal	basic
<b>C</b>	non-metal	acidic
<b>D</b>	non-metal	basic

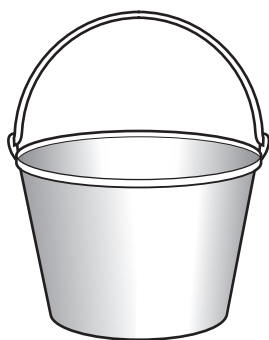
- 21 Which acid reacts with ammonia to produce the salt ammonium sulfate?

- A** hydrochloric  
**B** nitric  
**C** phosphoric  
**D** sulfuric





26 The diagrams show two items that may be found in the home. Each item contains zinc.



zinc plated bucket



brass door-knocker

In which is zinc used as an alloy?

	bucket	door-knocker
<b>A</b>	✓	✓
<b>B</b>	✓	x
<b>C</b>	x	✓
<b>D</b>	x	x

27 In an experiment, three test-tubes labelled X, Y and Z were half-filled with dilute hydrochloric acid. A different metal was added to each test-tube. After a few minutes the following observations were made.

In tube X, bubbles slowly rose to the surface.

In tube Y, there was a rapid release of bubbles.

In tube Z, no bubbles were produced.

Which three metals match the observations?

	tube X	tube Y	tube Z
<b>A</b>	copper	zinc	iron
<b>B</b>	magnesium	iron	copper
<b>C</b>	zinc	magnesium	copper
<b>D</b>	zinc	magnesium	iron

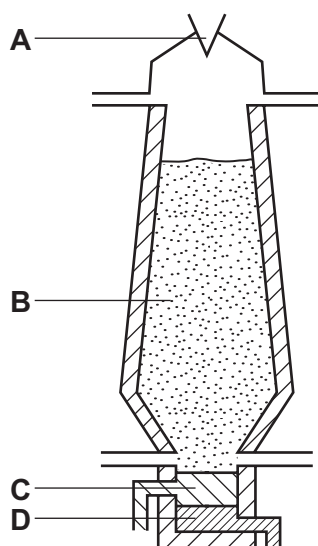
28 The table shows properties of four metals.

Which metal is the most suitable for aircraft construction?

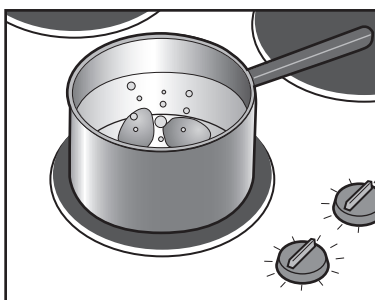
	density	strength	resistance to corrosion
<b>A</b>	high	high	low
<b>B</b>	high	low	low
<b>C</b>	low	high	high
<b>D</b>	low	low	high

29 The diagram shows a blast furnace.

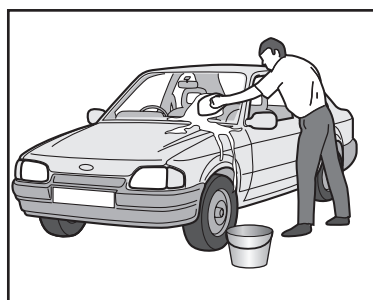
In which part is iron ore changed to iron?



30 The diagram shows some uses of water in the home.



1



2



3

For which uses is it important for the water to have been treated?

- A** 1 only      **B** 2 only      **C** 3 only      **D** 1, 2 and 3

31 Four steel paper clips are treated as described before being placed in a beaker of water.

Which paper clip rusts most quickly?

- A coated with grease
- B dipped in paint and allowed to dry
- C electroplated with zinc
- D washed with soap and rinsed

32 Which compound contains two of the three essential elements needed for a complete fertiliser?

- A ammonium chloride
- B ammonium nitrate
- C ammonium phosphate
- D ammonium sulfate

33 When compound X is heated, it changes colour from green to black. Compound Y is formed and a gas is given off which turns limewater milky.

What are X and Y?

	X	Y
A	calcium carbonate	calcium oxide
B	copper carbonate	carbon
C	copper carbonate	copper oxide
D	copper sulfate	copper oxide

34 Acid rain is formed when sulfur dioxide and oxides of nitrogen dissolve in rain water.

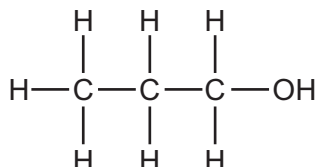
Which problem is **not** caused by acid rain?

- A breathing difficulties
- B dying trees
- C erosion of statues
- D lowered pH of lakes

35 Which pollutant gas is produced by the decomposition of vegetation?

- A carbon monoxide
- B methane
- C nitrogen oxide
- D sulfur dioxide

36 Which type of compound is shown?



- A alcohol
- B alkane
- C alkene
- D carboxylic acid

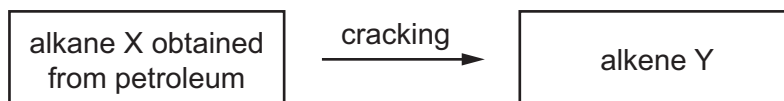
37 The table shows the composition of four different types of petroleum (crude oil).

fraction	Arabian Heavy / %	Arabian Light / %	Iranian Heavy / %	North Sea / %
gasoline	18	21	21	23
kerosene	11.5	13	13	15
diesel oil	18	20	20	24
fuel oil	52.5	46	46	38

Which type of petroleum is best for the motor vehicle industry?

- A Arabian Heavy
- B Arabian Light
- C Iranian Heavy
- D North Sea

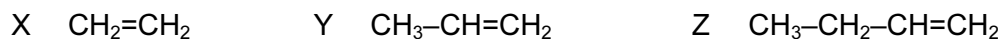
38 Alkenes are manufactured by cracking hydrocarbons obtained from petroleum.



Which row describes the process of cracking?

	size of X molecules	size of Y molecules	catalyst required	temperature required
<b>A</b>	large	small	no	low
<b>B</b>	large	small	yes	high
<b>C</b>	small	large	no	low
<b>D</b>	small	large	yes	high

39 X, Y and Z are three hydrocarbons.



What do compounds X, Y and Z have in common?

- 1 They are all alkenes.
- 2 They are all part of the same homologous series.
- 3 They all have the same boiling point.

**A** 1, 2 and 3      **B** 1 and 2 only      **C** 1 and 3 only      **D** 2 and 3 only

40 Which statements about ethanol are correct?

- 1 It can be made by fermentation.
- 2 It is an unsaturated compound.
- 3 It burns in air and can be used as a fuel.

**A** 1, 2 and 3      **B** 1 and 2 only      **C** 1 and 3 only      **D** 2 and 3 only



